Prepayments and Advance Payments to Others

**BRIEF**

**Policy Summary**

This policy describes the requirements for accounting for prepayments and advance payments to others ("advances") at Berkeley Lab to ensure adherence to DOE asset accounting requirements.

**Who Should Read This Policy**

This policy applies to all employees who establish, monitor, or report on prepayments or advances.

**To Read the Full Policy, Go To:**

The POLICY tab on this wiki page

**Contact Information**

General Accounting Manager

**POLICY**

**A. Purpose**

This policy describes the requirements for accounting for prepayments and advance payments to others ("advances") at Berkeley Lab to ensure adherence to DOE asset accounting requirements.

**B. Persons Affected**

This policy applies to all employees who establish, monitor, or report on prepayments or advances.

**C. Exceptions**

This policy does not apply to property, plant, and equipment subject to capitalization and depreciation requirements or inventory. See the Property , Plant, and Equipment (PP&E) and Internal Use Software (IUS) and Inventory policies for additional information on these asset types.

**D. Policy Statement**

1. General

Berkeley Lab accounts for prepayments and advances to others as balance sheet assets, in compliance with DOE Financial Management Accounting Handbook, Chapter 7.
For the purposes of this policy, a “prepayment” is a payment made in one accounting/fiscal period for a service with a benefit that extends over future accounting/fiscal periods. An example of a prepayment is the purchase of an 18-month service agreement. In the month the service agreement is paid for, it is booked as a prepayment asset on the Laboratory’s financial statements. The cost of the service agreement is then amortized over the period of the agreement. Other examples of transaction categories that may result in prepayments include:

- Maintenance agreements
- Warranties
- Licenses
- Subscriptions

For the purposes of this policy, an “advance” is a required deposit placed with a third-party entity as a condition of doing business with that entity. An example of an advance is the deposit required by the U.S. Patent Office and Trademark Office (USPTO). The USPTO advance eliminates the need to send payment by check, credit card, or other payment type each time a fee is required.

Before a prepayment or advance is accounted for as an asset on the Laboratory’s balance sheet, Procurement Standard Practices must be followed to ensure that procurement advance payment requirements are met (SP 32.1, Subcontract Financing, Payments).

The materiality threshold for prepayments have been established as follows:

- Amortization of costs will occur over a period exceeding 12 months
- Amortization costs per fiscal year will be equal to or exceed $25,000

Both of the above criteria must be met for a prepayment to be booked as an asset.

This policy does not apply to license and maintenance contracts with a contract period of one year or less and in which:

- Benefits will be received in the year of the payment
- Payment will be consistently made each year

This policy also does not apply if warranty coverage is included in the purchase price of equipment. In this case, the Property, Plant, and Equipment (PP&E) and Internal Use Software (IUS) applies.

2. Establishment of Advances on the Balance Sheet

Expenses related to advance payments will be evaluated individually by General Accounting to determine the appropriate accounting treatment.

3. Establishment of Prepayments on the Balance Sheet

DOE requires that prepayments be funded from a specific Budget and Reporting (B&R) code established for that purpose. That is, all direct funded prepayments must be associated with budget authority from a direct funded B&R code, and all indirect funded prepayments must be associated with the B&R YN01. (Click on flowchart below to download or magnify.)

4. Recognizing Expenses Related to Prepayments

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory. The official or current version is located in the online LBNL Requirements and Policies Manual. Printed or exported versions are not official. Users are responsible for working with the latest approved revision.
Through the amortization process, the cost related to a prepayment is spread over the accounting/fiscal periods for which a benefit is received. General Accounting books amortization expense on a monthly basis.

E. Roles and Responsibilities

Managers, supervisors, and employees have the responsibility to adhere to the provisions of this policy.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
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| Division: Individual requesting procurement and Resource Analyst | • Procure items through the appropriate procurement channel  
• Are cognizant of the prepayment threshold level  
• Notify General Accounting proactively if a prepayment/advance transaction will occur  
  • Identify appropriate direct funded Budget and Reporting (B&R) code set / Budget Authority  
  • Work in partnership with General Accounting to ensure a prepayment/advance is properly recorded once payment is made |
| Procurement | Is cognizant of the prepayment threshold level and notifies General Accounting proactively if a prepayment/advance transaction will occur before completion of its review process at the time of requisition and again after the subcontract is awarded |
| Controller’s Office/General Accounting | • Ensures the Laboratory’s financial policy is up to date with DOE Financial Management Handbook requirements and generally accepted accounting principles, making modifications as appropriate  
• Has overall responsibility for the appropriate accounting of Laboratory prepayments/advances on the balance sheet  
  • Performs monthly reconciliation of balance sheet accounts  
  • Ensures amortization is booked on a monthly basis  
• Is primarily responsible for financial statement reporting with inputs from divisions as needed |

F. Definitions/Acronyms

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advance Payment to Others</td>
<td>A required deposit placed with a third party as a condition of doing business with that entity</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amortization</td>
<td>The allocation of the cost for an intangible asset over its useful service life for accounting purposes</td>
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<tr>
<td>B&amp;R</td>
<td>Budget and Reporting. A DOE-defined classification of financial activity prescribed for use in the formulation of budgets for the reporting of obligations, costs, and revenues and for the control and measurement of actual execution versus budgeted performance</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prepayment</td>
<td>A payment made in one accounting/fiscal period for a service with a benefit that extends over future accounting/fiscal periods</td>
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<tr>
<td>YN01</td>
<td>The Budget and Reporting (B&amp;R) value for indirect funded activities performed at Berkeley Lab</td>
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G. Recordkeeping Requirements

Recordkeeping requirements of 6 years and 3 months in alignment with the Archives and Records Management Policy.

H. Implementing Documents

None

I. Contact Information

General Accounting Manager
### J. Revision History

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<th>Revision Description</th>
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<td>M. Beedle</td>
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#### DOCUMENT INFORMATION

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<tr>
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<td>8/29/2016</td>
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#### Source Requirements Documents

- DOE Financial Management Handbook Chapter 7

#### Implementing Documents

None